细维		3 Mar. 1.	names of resident the second		- (P) 47	1099-1560	me, didition
oureing verien				eparament or state			E2)
	ra.	io l		PUGREE		MICROPILMED	
MA.M	WK M		ك حاك			FOR BILLUSE ONLY.	
44	veri	1 PR	amadeira interiorista interiori	DNATABLE	TO	A-409	
***	d ere	Tipon.		Approximate the second	स्वराज्यां कार्योत् पृष्टिकार्या <u>विस्तर क्षेत्र कार्योत्त्र केल्य</u> केल्या केल्या क्षेत्र केल्या केल्या क्षेत्र	NECELY EDISATES	
		62	ro a Dej	partment of Stale	OFT	ATHERT OF SHAPE	
		5	•	! ! !	\$ap	10 Orall Cla	
4	780	Alig.	•		,		
112	n/n		FROM: Ame	mbassy MEXICO	7:0C	FAORC UHENT MYALTSIG	
Aud	7.73	FAn	gorijesa: n/a	6	DATE:	7 Sept: 1974	
PAT:	LAB	788	TACS: PIL SUBJECT: (1)	is, mx, oas, cu, los Human Rights; (2)	Cuba and the	OAS; (3) Law of	
TH:	XMS	AIR	the	s Seas	•		***
		5	ref : Sta	ité 184879			
ARMY F	16	NAVY /8	<b>-</b>	· ***		:	
244.	USIA	N35	In accordan	ice with the Departm	ent's instru	ctions (teftell	
24 10 3		-24	the reporting officer called on Lio. Jorge Palacios Trevido.  Deputy Director of International Organization Affairs at				
			the Foreign Secretariat, on September 5, 1974 and discussed with him US interests in the current human rights situation.				
POL4			i cohomont convergetion also touched moon current movement				
AMB			within the OAS with regard to Cuba and the results of the recent Law of the Seas conference in Caracas.				
DCM			Enclosed is a membrandum of conversation reporting the				
ECON PR			exchange with Palacios.				
ADM HE CG							
COML.			Enclosure:				
DEF USIS			1. Memorandum of Conversation				
CHRON			· WE				
14/ak				JOVA			
			•	<u>DEPARTMENT C</u> OO HELEASE	of state <i>WGH</i> im/ip	S/CR/IR Date: 10/24/97	7
			TS authority to				
Armyland and an artist			FOIA Exemptions () CLASSIFY as () S or () C Sec.  PA Exemptions () DOWNGRADE TS to () S or () C				
As stored							•
			<u></u>				
			**************************************	UNCLASS	cried	FOR DEPT. 192 ONL	i  -
Profession			5.82 DS-323	A Legalegii	THE CHARLES		
Political of Political Pol							
<del>holometes</del>	LACTON COLUMN	quires: 1177			A Company of the Comp	in the second of	

Enclosure No. 1 Page 1 Mexico A- 409

## MEMORANDUM OF CONVERSATION

PARTICIPANTS: Lic. Jorge Palacios Treviño, Deputy Director of International Organization Affairs, Foreign Secretariat

T. Frank Crigler, First Secretary, American Embassy, Mexico, D. F.

SUBJECT: Conversation with Lic. Jorge Palacios Treviño

DATE & PLACE: September 5, 1974, Foreign Secretariat

## Human Rights

THEOLY CAN WEST WINDSHIP WINDSHIP BOTH THE

As instructed by the Department in State 184879, I raised with Lic. Palacios Treviño the subject of our Government's interest in the current human rights situation worldwide. I told him that the State Department was currently surveying friendly governments around the world to learn their views (a) with respect to the state of progress toward achieving human rights objectives and (b) with regard to cooperative measures that might be taken to stimulate further progress.

I added that the Department's interest in this matter was stimulated by the declaration of "the sense of Congress" in the most recent Foreign Aid Authorization bill, to the effect that the President should not extend economic or military assistance to countries which incarcerate their citizens for political reasons.

Palacios perked up immediately at my mention of the Congressional declaration and said he assumed what the Embassy wanted was a statement of the current human rights situation within Mexico. I insisted that this was not at all what we wanted, that there was no intention on our part whatever to meddle in Mexico's internal affairs, but that we simply wished to cooperate and consult with the Mexican Government on means by which other nations might be encouraged to pay greater attention to human rights values. I said he was no doubt aware that certain flagrant situations in other countries had attracted the attention of the US Congress and prompted its declaration.

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

Palacios said he would consult up the line to see whether the Mexican Government had any particular views on the human rights question that it wished to convey to us. I said we would be very grateful.

## Cuba and the OAS

By way of changing the subject, I mentioned to Palacios that I had no recent news of OAG developments on Cuba and wondered if he had any. He said he had heard nothing that was not published in the newspapers, but added he was very interested in newspaper reports of softening of the US position on Cuba and asked me my opinion of their accuracy. I told him they certainly did not coincide with our official position as I understood it, and I recited that position: any action with respect to the sanctions against Cuba should be taken by the OAS as a whole, not unilaterally by individual members, and should be preceded by thorough consultation among all OAS members.

No change, then, Palacios said. Not substantially, I replied, adding however that I personally saw some greater flexibility now than earlier and a great emphasis upon consultation. Palacios recited Mexico's well-known posttion, based on its juridical objections to the 9th NFM resolutions, and added Mexico would support any move which would have the effect juridically of undoing those resolutions.

## LOS Conference

In the light of what I knew to be Mexico's very active and constructive role at Caracas, I told Palacios that we had been somewhat surprised at President Behoverrie's strong statement that the conference had been a fracaso. I added that we did not share that conclusion and that our delegation felt that substantial progress had been made toward a definitive agreement. I asked him why he thought the President had taken such a negative view.

Palacios said he thought the President's remark should be considered in relative terms, that it was a matter of disappointment to him personally and that no definitive

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASIBILITIED

Enclosure No. 1 Page 3 Mexico A- 409

agreements had been signed despite many months of preparatory work. Moreover, he noted, the President's
extemporaneous remark had heen made only a day or so
after the close of the conference, perhaps before the
President had had a chance to reflect at greater length
on its several achievements. Palacios noted, for example,
that indeed a consensus had clearly developed re a 200mile patrimonial sea, effectively sandbagging the "extremists"
who had unilaterally adopted a 200-mile territorial boundary.
He said he thought that many other items had reached the
point of agreement but could not be nailed down until a
few closely related topics had been finally ironed out.

JOVA W

UNCLASSIFIED