	No Objection To Declassification in Full 2013/11/15 : NLC-12-32-15-1-6
4/15/24, 10:18 AM Foreign Relations of the United States, 1977–1980, Volume IV, National Security Policy - Office of the Historian	
	MEMORANDUM OUTSIDE THE SYSTEM
OFFICE OF THE	THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON
HISTORIAN	TOP SECRET/SENSITIVE 3, 20, 78
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	MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT TOP SECRET
FOREIGN RELATIONS OF THE UNITED STATES, 1977–1980, VOLUME IV, NATIONAL SECURITY POLICY	
56. Memorandum From the President's Assistant for National Security Affairs	SUBJECT: Questions From Your NMCC Visit
(Brzezinski) to President Carter ¹	Harold Brown has responded with written answers to clear up
Washington, March 20, 1978	the questions raised during your visit to the National Military Command Center at the Pentagon.
	You need not read through the details; I have, therefore, summed
SUBJECT Questions From Your NMCC Visit	up the crux of the five answers.
	I. Vulnerability of infrared warning satellites (DSP) to
Harold Brown has responded with written answers ² to clear up the questions raised during your visit to the National Military Command Center at the Pentagon. ³	Soviet lagsers.
You need not read through the details; I have, therefore, summed up the crux of the five answers.	with lasers, they have not \overline{yet} deployed the necessary
I. [1 paragraph (11 lines) not declassified]	equipment.
II. [1 paragraph (11 lines) not declassified]	Our future DSP design incorporates features to <u>reduce</u> (not eliminate) the jamming effects If our current
III. False alarms in our warning system.	DSPs were jammed, a replacement with these improvements could be launched in 45 to 61 days.
 Since activation of BMEWS in 1960, there have been seven false alarms. The CINCNORAD "assessed confidence" was "no" in all cases. 	We currently have no plan to build a capability for laser jamming of Soviet infrared satellites.
 The last false alarm was December 1976. 	II. Warning of SLBM attack.
IV. [1 paragraph (6 lines) not declassified]	The present system, a mix of DSPs and ground-based
V. Secretary Brown's communication checks with you when you are away from Washington.	radars, gives incomplete coverage.
 During the first 24 hours after your arrival at a trip location, the WHCA trip officer normally gives the NMCC in the Pentagon a chance to make a test call. 	A new system, which adds two PAVE PAWS radars on the ground, will be operational by 1980. It cannot be "overflown" like the present 474N ground radar network,
 The Secretary of Defense, if he makes a test call to you in the future, will first check with your side to determine your availability. 	and it will greatly improve our capability although gaps will remain.
These answers raise as many new questions as they resolve. I draw one <i>overall conclusion:</i> Our "C3 I", that is, our command and control and intelligence warning, is not in the best shape. It needs constant review and remedial effort. Your attention keeps up	A four-site PAVE PAWS phased array is also under con- sideration which would provide "essentially complete coverage of SLBM launches."
the right kinds of pressure in the Defense Department. ^{4.}	TOP SECRET/SENSITIVE CODEWORD ATTACHMENT
1. Source: Carter Library, National Security Affairs, Brzezinski Material, Brzezinski Office File, Subject Chron File, Box 86, Defense: 1978. Top Secret; Sensitive. Outside the System. The date is handwritten. <u></u>	
https://history.state.gov/historicaldocuments/frus1977-80v04/d56 1/2	
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2. See <u>Document 51.</u>↩

3. See <u>footnote 2, Document 50.</u>↔

4. Carter drew a vertical line in the right margin of this paragraph and wrote below it: "I Agree. J."

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V.

III. False alarms in our warning system.

--- Since activation of BMEWS in 1960, there have been seven false alarms. The CINCNORAD "assessed confidence" was "no" in all cases.

-- The last false alarm was December 1976.

IV Secure communications with NEACP (Airborne Command Plane).

- -- You recall that it was impossible to talk to NEACP on secure voice during the NMCC. This was due to HY-2 "narrow band" secure voice equipment.
- -- By late June 1978, "wide band" secure voice equipment will be installed on NEACP to overcome this difficulty.
- Secretary Brown's communication checks with you when you are away from Washington.
 - -- During the first 24 hours after your arrival at a trip location, the WHCA trip officer normally gives the NMCC in the Pentagon a chance to make a test call.
 - -- The Secretary of Defense, if he makes a test call to you in the future, will first check with your side to determine your availability.

These answers raise as many new questions as they resolve. I draw one <u>overall conclusion</u>: Our "C³ I", that is, our command and control and intelligence warning, is not in the best shape. It needs constant review and remedial effort. Your attention keeps up the right kinds of pressure in the Defense Department.

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