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TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

THE SECRETARY'S STAFF
MEETING - Friday, 3/26/76

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Washington, D.C.

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[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
Secretary of State Kissinger - Chairman

D	Mr. Ingalls
P	Mr. Sisco
E	Mr. Robinson
T	Mr. Mow
M	Mr. Eagleburger
AF	Mr. Mulcahy (Acting)
ARA	Mr. Rogers
EA	Mr. Habib
EUR	Mr. Armitage
NEA	Mr. Atherton
INR	Mr. Saunders
S/P	Mr. Lord
EB	Mr. Katz (Acting)
S/PRS	Mr. Finsen
PM	Mr. Vest
IO	Mr. Lewis
H	Ambassador McCloskey
L	Mr. Leigh
S/S	Mr. Springsteen
S	Mr. Barbisan

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P R O C E D I N G S

[REDACTED]'s Staff Meeting was convened at 8:32 a.m., Secre^t, Secretary of State Kissinger presiding as Chairman.)

MR. INGERSOLL: Good morning, Mr. Henry.

(Discussion off the record.)

MR. INGERSOLL: The boycott could have serious implications. We'll have a paper to you on that, and we can't find out anything about it --

SECRETARY KISSINGER: What is this? The Justice Department --

MR. INGERSOLL: Yes.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Is investigating the big oil companies for their conduct during the boycott -- the one time they behaved in a patriotic fashion.

MR. INGERSOLL: Well, it may not be limited in that period, but it starts there.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: One time they kept everybody going by putting oil into one big pool, and that's anti-trust.

MR. LEIGH: Well, they would tell us very much about it, Mr. Secretary. That's why we need your help on it before the grand jury is convened. Now, this

is not just a civil investigation. Once that's done, we wouldn't be able to say anything.

MR. INGERSOLL: That's why we think we have to move on it, and they say it's very confidential. They just told us about it. They won't tell us anything about the details if that's "consultation" (laughter).

I will have it to you today.

One other point I'd like to make is this may be my last Staff Meeting, Henry, and I'll be thinking of all of you on the slopes of Aspen maybe next week.

(Laughter.)

MR. MAW: The slippery slope.

MR. INGERSOLL: Yes.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Bob, we're going to have a cocktail party for you, where, I suppose, most of these people are going to be; but I need not tell you how much you will be missed.

MR. INGERSOLL: Thank you. I'll miss all of you.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: I want to tell you that with dignity and calm you performed this job -- and even diplomats will not say this of me when I leave. Keep your laughing within limits. (Laughter.)

MR. EAGLEBURGER: He's not a diplomat (pointing

to Mr. Leigh).

MR. SISCO: I haven't anything.

MR. ROBINSON: I just came back from New York,

[REDACTED]

Association. I want to report that they announced your forthcoming speech before the Law group on the Law of the Sea and everyone became very excited. Two women fainted in the front row (laughter), and it was very shattering. My inferiority complex was with me just before I was to speak. But I just want you to know that they're very excited about your coming up.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Why only two? (Laughter.)

MR. INGERSOLL: That's all there were. (Laughter.)

MR. ROBINSON: They're very pleased, and I just wanted to tell you how excited they were about your forthcoming speech.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Are we getting a draft? If that boy drafts as well as he talks, it's going to be the greatest speech since the Gettysburg Address.

MR. EAGLEBURGER: It will be longer. (Laughter.)

SECRETARY KISSINGER: We can put in some of the details, depending on the discussions with Treasury, but I had the sense yesterday that we were going to get

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most of our proposals.

MR. LORD: I think we can get certainly enough with that speech.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: O.K.

MR. MULCAHY: Now, this day, the suspense of the talks in Lusaka that we attached quite a bit of importance to, broke up without a statement.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: The talks were?

MR. MULCAHY: This was the Four Power talks-- Presidents Machel, Khamza, Nyerere and Kaunda meeting in Lusaka or where they could go from here with the Rhodesian situation. They had both Rhodesian nationalist factions there and Nkomo apparently, according to the press. No reconciliation took place between Nkomo and Nyerere which was one of the purposes of the thing.

Also, it broke up without any sort of communique, which is not a good sign, and --

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Why?

MR. MULCAHY: Well--

SECRETARY KISSINGER: It means --

MR. MULCAHY: Well, it means that Nkomo and Kaunda, who are generally very reliable as far as the

[REDACTED] line and [REDACTED] [REDACTED] tions are concerned,
[REDACTED] per [REDACTED] the [REDACTED] s that they --

SECRETARY KISSINGER: But it also means means
that the [REDACTED] s didn't persuade them that there
[REDACTED] It be [REDACTED] negotia[REDACTED]

MR. MULCAHY: Yes, that's right. If you're an
[REDACTED] st, you take that view.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: If you're a realist
-- I mean, what else can it mean? It means they could
[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

MR. MULCAHY: Yes, sir.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: But what's more likely
to [REDACTED]?

MR. MULCAHY: Well, I think if --

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Where is the Assistant
Secretary, incidentally?

MR. MULCAHY: He's on his way back from
Paris. He went to the reinforced NAC in Brussels, and
he'll be back this afternoon.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Go ahead.

MR. MULCAHY: But what probably will happen is
that this now will increase the pressure on Smith that --

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Only in your mind. Since

he broke off the talks, why should it increase the pressure on him?

MR. MULCAHY: Well because they all now agree that the guerrilla warfare will continue and be stepped up.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: I thought they all said that already.

MR. MULCAHY: They have, but there's been relatively little of it. But I think now with the rainy season we'll see a great deal of infiltration across the border.

One of the proposals under consideration was to put a railway system through Botswana to South Africa. The principal rail line will also cause UN sanctions. It's a knotty problem because the rail line is the property of the Rhodesian Government. We think that this was one of the issues under consideration.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Can I get a paper by the middle of next week of how we're going to get from here to there? I mean what AF visualizes is going to happen now and what we can do now, other than hand-wringing?

MR. MULCAHY: Yes, sir.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: And exactly what steps

should be taken -- hopefully, that are within the realm of realism -- by Wednesday?

MR. MULCAHY: Yes, sir.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Phil?

We've opened a new chapter of diplomacy, as far as I can see. We now have on the front page of the Post, a note we haven't even sent yet.

MR. HABIB: That story was basically two days old. It came --

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Has that note been sent?

MR. HABIB: Yesterday.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: I thought I told you, Larry, that I disapproved it.

MR. HABIB: It went to you. It went out last night, I was told. I got a phone call at 5:30-6:00 o'clock telling me it's gone because I've got the comeback copy this morning.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Well, at 5:30-6:00 or 6:00 I sure as hell wasn't approving anything.

MR. HABIB: We did it in accordance with your changes.

MR. BARBIAN: That's right. Two cables.

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MR. HABIB: One didn't go.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: There may have been
two cables, but I didn't see them. May I see them
now?

(Mr. Barbisan hands Secretary a document
to peruse.)

MR. HABIB: The last paragraph.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: O.K.
Go ahead.

MR. HABIB: The other thing is that you
have approval of the first stage of the Thai withdrawal
actions.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Yes, but I want to have
a significant cut also in the military advisers.

MR. HABIB: Yes. The ceiling is 270. We're
down around 200 now. We're supposed to go below that
before the end of the --

SECRETARY KISSINGER: I want the Thais to see a
withdrawal. The Thais don't know what our ceiling is.
Therefore, if we just keep it --

MR. HABIB: No. They set the ceiling. The
ceiling of 270 is a ceiling which --

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Have we pulled out 70

SECRET

10

or have we simply not replaced 70?

MR. HABIB: Well, the 70 are not there.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: They have never been there?

MR. HABIB: No. They have been temporarily withdrawn, and there was some thought of pulling it down lower.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: I would like the Thais to see that after their decision there is some reduction in the part they want us to have stay --

MR. HABIB: I understand.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: --and we can keep the ceiling and put more people later on if they ask for it.

MR. HABIB: Well, what we want to do is keep the ceiling so that later on, if we need to, it would be intelligence people, not MAG, not MAG people, and vary it with the MAG.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: That's fine.

MR. HABIB: That's what we had in mind.

Also, we have to now take very tough decisions on such things as pulling out the ammunition we have stored in place. That's going to really show the Thais what this is costing because we've got about 60 million

SECRET

SECRET

11

dollars worth of ammunition -- which, under present law, we cannot leave there. And we can either sell it to them or take it out. They're not going to buy it; they're going to want us to leave it there and give it to them which would not be possible. That's going to hurt.

So there's going to be a series of actions which I hope, very frankly, ~~we~~ rather not take on some of them until the election is out of the way -- until the election is out of the way -- which is eight more days, nine more days. If we get the election out of the way we may have a new government; we may not have a new government. We'll see what happens, so we'll try to keep you informed.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: I forgot. Is the Vice President staying there or not?

MR. HABIB: No, sir because of the election.

The other thing is that the Koreans have now indicted 18 people from the last official statement, official statement, and they've indicted them under a less severe act than they might have put them under.

Now, whether that's the kind of reaction taken in response to the kind of protest, I don't know.

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At the same time, they've re-indicted a rather well-known international official, who, under a law, would permit them to sentence him to death. This is a guy who's already sentenced to life imprisonment under a previous commitment.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Where is he? Is he in prison?

MR. HABIB: He's in prison under a life sentence, and they've just re-indicted him under another law which permits them to sentence him to death.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: They don't take any chances, do they? (Laughter.)

MR. HABIB: They don't take any chances. The guy is very sick, besides. He won't make it for very long. (Laughter.) But the rumble is up on the Hill. They tell me they have actually written letters themselves. They have written letters to Parker to see what he can do about the situation.

I have to appear before the Humphrey Subcommittee on Korea at 4:00, and I'm sure they're going to give me a very bad time. But I think we can hold to the position.

[REDACTED]

MR. MAW: I got a pretty bad time on it before the House Inter [REDACTED] Relations Committee on Monday, and you're going to get it today.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: I'm glad you let them schedule me so nicely before these Committees. (Laughter.) Go ahead.

MR. ARMITAGE: Art Hartman had to go to the doctor this morning. He'll be here the middle of the morning, Mr. Secretary.

We've got a couple of helpful developments on protection of Sovi [REDACTED] personnel in Moscow. There was a bomb threat yesterday. Part of the Embassy was evacuated, but no bomb was found.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: But that was already in the papers yesterday, or was that another one?

MR. ARMITAGE: No. That was the same.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: There are no statements to be made on the Soviet Union that I do not personally clear. We cannot harass the Soviets every single bloody day with some other tough talk out of this building, and we mishandled the three Missions business. There's no need for us to shoot at them the day it happened. We could have said yesterday "We are studying that" -- that

[REDACTED]

SECRET

14

We are asking for a full report.

MR. FUNSETH: That guidance that I used in going out to Moscow is press guidance two days before.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: I didn't approve it either. That's how the other disaster happened. That went out as press guidance immediately.

MR. ARMITAGE: We now have one in New York, Mr. Secretary. The New York Police Department dismantled the bomb stored out of Amorg yesterday, thereby --

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Are we going to protest to the Soviets and say they did it?

MR. ARMITAGE: No, sir. The search had been made earlier after the telephone warning found nothing.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: The press guidance to Moscow must be cleared now here. There's got to be another one that I don't see.

MR. FUNSETH: All right, sir.

MR. ARMITAGE: The bomb was actually found by Soviet personnel, disarmed by the police. And it's just possible that if the police would have been a little more vigilant, they could have been caught by this time, because they didn't leave anybody around after the search.

SECRET

We [REDACTED] to cast [REDACTED] to try to find
out what [REDACTED] [REDACTED] to [REDACTED] up
[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] to [REDACTED] [REDACTED]
on the [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] [REDACTED]: [REDACTED] it's an
[REDACTED] [REDACTED] and we are much more to [REDACTED] than
the [REDACTED].

MR. LEWIS: There's another even more [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] JDL [REDACTED]
a [REDACTED] [REDACTED] t [REDACTED] [REDACTED] from what was
[REDACTED] [REDACTED] from another [REDACTED] z [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] [REDACTED] and FBI [REDACTED]
who were [REDACTED] first [REDACTED] [REDACTED] t
for the [REDACTED] -- [REDACTED] didn't [REDACTED] -- [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] [REDACTED] to [REDACTED] the [REDACTED] of [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] New York, [REDACTED] s the [REDACTED] re [REDACTED] this
[REDACTED] girl.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: [REDACTED] we are so so [REDACTED] with
[REDACTED], can we make a [REDACTED] statement
all [REDACTED] [REDACTED] --

MR. FUNSETH: Yes, sir.

SECRET

16

SECRETARY KISSINGER: --and calling on the New York Police and others to assist?

MR. SISCO: I'll see what we can do with that.

MR. INGERSOLL: I called the Mayor, and the Mayor said the Commissioner was going to call me back. They were going to get some Federal indictments. I don't think they have done anything yet, have they?

MR. ARMITAGE: No. Shooting into the Riverdale and the bomb around Aeroflot. But they say they haven't been able to turn up any leads yet.

MR. INGERSOLL: But some of these harassments that take place - the New York Police arrest them and let them go.

MR. LEWIS: For example, carrying signs, they insist they have no legal right to arrest people for carrying nasty signs. And the FBI claims it's doing everything it can, and we've been at them at high levels. But this kidnapping is really scary. They really have a capacity for doing it.

MR. ARMITAGE: We've gotten all our advisers and we haven't been able to find anything.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: You can't prosecute somebody

SECRET

SECRET

17

who publicly says somebody else is going to kidnap somebody?

MR. ARMITAGE: Apparently not if they attribute it to somebody else and they make a statement that makes it clear they will do it. They usually couch it in that way.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: And giving publicity to such a threat does not --

MR. LEIGH: I doubt that that could possibly be considered part of the conspiracy to kidnap, or a threat to kidnap.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Well, the Soviets are bound to do something, and it's just indecent of us to wax so indignant when they for weeks have been harassed in the most unforgivable way and then for us to be so self-righteously indignant yesterday. That's really distressing.

On this issue they're right. There's a limit to the domestic politics we can play. You know damn well that our people in Moscow -- that's one thing they don't do: harass them gratuitously. But what are we going to do? Can we make a statement today condemning these?

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[REDACTED]

MR. FUNSETH: Yes, sir.

MR. EAGLEBURGER: I better see if we can get some more people back. We've had 80 SY agents. We just haven't got any more -- that's the real problem.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Are any of them near the Missions?

MR. EAGLEBURGER: Yes. We've had them near the Soviets.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Well, could somebody give the Soviets a summary -- or has somebody done that -- of what we're doing for them?

MR. ARMITAGE: Oh, yes, sir yes, sir -- repeatedly. And we've also issued very strong deplored statements before when these things have happened in New York.

MR. FUNSETH: Our guidance said that yesterday.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: I do not want Bureaus to further their own anti-detente campaign and everyone trying to prove how tough they are. And one day we're going to have a major crisis and everyone will run for the foxholes.

MR. LEWIS: There were some demonstrations by the JDL against Ambassador Malik when he was in the

[REDACTED]

incidents. And apparently Malik was pretty well satisfied--at least, on that occasion that occasion -- with the kind of response he got.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: O.K. Are you finished?

(Addressing Mr. Armitage.)

MR. ARMITAGE: Yes, sir.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Bill?

MR. ROGERS: The chief negotiator in Panama has resigned. It looks though the personal reasons he's going to be succeeded, in all probability, by Guerra, who's a former Foreign Minister.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: I don't think Tocca is such a great loss, is he?

MR. ROGERS: No, sir. It wouldn't seem that way even in Panama.

In Argentina, although the junta has had some pretty good success, we're trying to make whatever estimates we can about what's going to happen. We've asked both the Mission and Washington to do their own visualizations to compare them. But I think the primary estimate has got to be that it's going to go

[REDACTED]

downhill. This junta is testing the basic proposition that Argentina is not governable, so they're going to succeed where everybody else has failed. I think that's a distinctly odds-on choice.

I think we're going to look for a considerable effort to involve the United States -- particularly in the financial field. I think we're going to see a good deal --

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Yes, but that's in our interest.

MR. ROGERS: If there's a chance of it succeeding and if they're not asking us to put too much up on the table. What we're going to do, when and if they come up with such a plan, is what we were prepared to do about six months ago. We had worked out as intermediaries a sensible program for international assistance, using the private banks and monetary institutions.

Whether we can pull that off again, I don't know; but I think we're going to hear from them very early on in terms of financial programs.

I think also we've got to expect a fair amount of repression, probably a good deal of blood in Argentina

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before too long. I think they're going to have to come down very hard not only on the terrorists but on the dissidents of trade unions and their parties.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: But --

MR. ROGERS: The point I'm making is that although they have good press today, the basic line of all the interference was they had to do it because she couldn't run the country. So I think the point is that we ought not at this moment to rush out and embrace this new regime what three-six months later will be considerably less popular with the press.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: But we should do the opposite either.

MR. ROGERS: Oh, no; obviously not.

MR. McCLOSKEY: What do we say about recognition?

MR. ROGERS: Well, we're going to recognize this morning a formal note in response to their request for recognition as have virtually all the other countries of Latin America. But beyond that, Hill will keep his mouth shut.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Yes, but what does that mean concretely? Whatever change they have, they will need

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22

a little encouragement from us.

What is he telling them?

MR. ROGERS: What? Oh, nothing. He has not been talking with them yet. He has not been invited to talk with them. He's ready to go in and talk with them when and if they request a meeting. But the Generals who are now presently occupying the Ministerial posts are there very temporarily -- probably for the week -- until the junta can make its final decisions as to whom they're going to appoint. They will make decisions on who they will appoint within a week.

We think we know who's the Foreign Minister -- which is the key appointment.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Who?

MR. ROGERS: Probably a fellow named *HAC* Littella, who we have worked with in the past. And if he is appointed, then I think we're in a position to work with him.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: But can I see some instructions on what you'll be going to tell Hill if somebody should come in --

MR. ROGERS: Yes.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: =because I don't want to encourage them. I don't want to give the sense that

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they're [REDACTED] by the [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] [REDACTED] in the [REDACTED] was the [REDACTED]

[REDACTED].

[REDACTED] [REDACTED] I [REDACTED] with [REDACTED]

MR. LEWIS:

this [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] the past two [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

lay [REDACTED] New York. Most of the [REDACTED]

don't [REDACTED] to [REDACTED] [REDACTED], but [REDACTED]' [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] by [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] ion

this [REDACTED].

[REDACTED] [REDACTED]; the
Russians [REDACTED] don't. Most of the Africans don't;
some so. So it's a [REDACTED] bag.

Do you, Mr. [REDACTED], want us to [REDACTED]
any [REDACTED] the [REDACTED] [REDACTED] as to whether
a [REDACTED] [REDACTED] be useful or not?

SECRETARY KISSINGER: I don't see [REDACTED]
we can gain by a [REDACTED].

MR. LEWIS: The [REDACTED] [REDACTED] are to to

[REDACTED]

be out by tomorrow. That is now publicly known everywhere. If a debate takes place, it will focus on the South African presence in Namibia rather than Angola. On the other hand, the Cubans are the only foreign troops now in Angola, so the Chinese are going to hit the Russians very hard in the debate next week, and we can also do the same; so there are some arguments either way.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Well, I would generally think we're better off with no debate. We've made our point on Angola several times.

MR. LEWIS: Yes, sir.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: But I wouldn't spill blood over it. If there is, we should hit foreign intervention in Angola and ask for the withdrawal of Cuban troops.

MR. LEWIS: All right.

That's all.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Ha?

MR. SAUNDERS: Since Lebanon was mentioned, I want to mention another issue on which you may be approached in the next few weeks from the academic community, and this is the Russian Research Center at



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25

Harvard.

As you know, they've been coming on increasingly difficult times financially to the point where Harvard looks like it's meeting some one fifth of its planned budget next year.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Are they financed mostly by the Government?

MR. SAUNDERS: They were to receive Defense money. When that receded, as you remember, last year, we put some project money in rather than program-type money. And the approach that will be made to us this year is for the State Department to seek from Congress the authority to provide basic grant money to perhaps as many as 30 of these centers around the country -- some of which are in danger of closing their doors.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: And how much would we need? It's a lot of money.

MR. SAUNDERS: Four and a half million dollars?

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Million?

MR. SAUNDERS: Million, yes -- of course.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: For 300 institutions.

MR. SAUNDERS: You would figure, just hypothetically, two hundred thousand that would be maximum. Nobody

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SECRET

26

has costed us money and I'm giving you an outside figure. It could be less.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: But what do they do with \$200,000?

MR. SAUNDERS: At the Harvard Center the budget is \$150,000 for next year, so we're really talking per center about relatively small amounts of money. They have a research contract with the center for six thousand this year.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Studying what?

MR. SAUNDERS: Dynamics of Soviet --

SECRETARY KISSINGER: And who's doing it?

I'm not sure. It's not many governments who finance studies that demonstrate their incompetence.

(Laughter.)

What do you think you're going to get out of a Harvard study on the Soviet Union?

MR. SAUNDERS: It needs some more basic dynamics of decision-making processes.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: In the Soviet Union?

MR. SAUNDERS: Right.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: On the one hand basically sympathetic, though I have no illusions about what's going

SECRET

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to come out of it.

MR. SAUNDERS: No. I think we're all in the same boat. The question is really whether the Government should support this kind of institution in the country. And there are two ways of going about it -- one, the National Defense Communications Act, where HEW concentrates mainly on broad citizen education and tends not to concentrate on the specialized centers. And the alternative would be for the Department to ~~concentrate~~ on the specialized centers.

We'll send you a memo on this outlining the pros and cons.

There are a lot of other people to be worked into the process, but we've heard that some people are going to approach you in some way some way or another -- or Larry.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: They have to be desperate.

(Laughter.)

MR. EAGLEBURGER: We'll never get it from Congress. I hope you understand that.

MR. SAUNDERS: Well, I suppose that's true, but

--

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Why won't we get it? Is that under Hays too?

SECRETARY KISSINGER

MR. EAGLEBURGER: Yes. Hays would be all right, but I think Slack would be very opposed.

MR. SAUNDERS: The position we're in now, as you recall -- we concentrated in our main areas of research after an approach to you about a year and a half ago, as I understand it. And we're now funding research projects partly for the sake of the research but partly for the sake of the institutional support involved.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: I hope you realize that Joe (referring to Mr. Sisco) needs a slug of this money.

MR. SISCO: Well, I realize it. (Laughter.)

MR. HABIB: You can start an institute, Joe, right away. (Laughter.)

MR. SAUNDERS: It's just something that has to be explored within the Government. A decision has to be made one way or another.

I just wanted to bring this forward to you; I just wanted you to be alerted.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: O.K.

Roy?

MR. ATHERTON: Well, I guess the best thing to

SECRET

29

be said about Lebanon is its highly diffused. (Laughter.)

SECRETARY KISSINGER: That's the advantage of having a professional organization studying this.

(Laughter.) Cut through the fog to reality.

MR. ATHERTON: Well, the military situation, as far as we can tell this morning -- there hasn't been any significant move on the ground, but there has been heavy shelling and casualties are high.

On the political side, several things: First of all, possibly the most significant development -- **JUMBLATT**. Jim Block has told us he's going to Damascus tomorrow and has indicated he's prepared to talk about a constitutional transition providing it happens quickly. On the other hand, Franyah has announced that he will never resign until expiration of his term.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Which is when?

MR. ATHERTON: September.

The Syrian formula is that it has an amendment in the constitution which would provide for -- make it possible for the President to resign six months before the termination of his term and then agree on a successor -- and then he would resign all within a very brief period

SECRET

of time.

What he's saying publicly makes it look as though he has backed away from this idea.

The Christians are obviously feeling more desperate. We've had approaches now from them. [redacted] has asked for U.S. clarification suggesting possibly going to the Security Council.

Charles Malik has approached us, although I largely discount his importance or effectiveness now in the situation.

The Syrians --

SECRETARY KISSINGER: [redacted] right wing

[redacted] isn't he?

MR. ATHERTON: Sorry?

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Shaman is right wing?

MR. SISCO: Former.

MR. ATHERTON: Former.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: I know.

MR. ATHERTON: The Syrians: The signals are somewhat mixed. In Lebanon itself, the Syrian army officers who have been part of the mediating team returned to Damascus. And there's some indication that some of the Syrian-controlled PEA rolled PLA and [redacted] disengaging

from the sort of peacekeeping mission that they've had.

On the other hand, they do seem to be continuing on the diplomatic track, calling people from Damascus.

Khadam, who got your message --

SECRETARY KISSINGER: I understand.

MR. ATHERTON: -- has indicated there's no pressing detail. You'll see the report from the Saudis. The Saudis responded promptly to your message that you sent them.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: I haven't seen it, but I will before the end of the day.

All right -- let's discuss that in a separate meeting --

MR. ATHERTON: All right.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: -- when I can assemble all the things.

MR. ATHERTON: Well, I think that's sort of a status report on the things.

Could I say one more thing on the C-130s --

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Yes.

MR. ATHERTON: -- because it may come up --

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Have I heard from the Egyptians on that?

[REDACTED]

MR. ATHERTON: No--

MR. SISCO: No.

MR. ATHERTON: -- but there's a lot in the press today that will lead to questioning when you appear before the Humphrey Subcommittee.

The thrust of the press stories is that we are leaning towards selling the civilian version of the C-130, and this is a confusion.

The problem is this: Defense would like very much to sell the export model which comes off of the production line under which the first would be available in December. I think what position we have to take is that we ought to keep open the option and that we've not made a decision until we can discuss with the Egyptians what they want.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: We have promised to the Egyptians the Air Force model.

MR. ATHERTON: Yes.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Now, there is no other option to be discussed. There will be no other option to be discussed, Roy.

MR. ATHERTON: No -- we've been making that

[REDACTED]

point with Defense that we cannot foreclose what we have already promised the Egyptians.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: They cannot foreclose it. They have no other choice.

MR. ATHERTON: We have tried very hard to make --

MR. HABIB: There is a technical thing. What's the model letter -- A, B, C, D, F? Do you know what model? There are some problems.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: There were specific promises made. I do not accept the proposition that we settle national policy by negotiation among Assistant Secretaries. The President made a promise to Sadat which will be kept unless the Congress stops it. There is no possibility of delivering it in December when we promised to deliver it in April.

MR. ATHERTON: This is what we expect. We have been telling Defense so that they would not go public which they wanted to do, saying that it was going to be the export model.

MR. SISCO: That killed it. Why don't I give Clements a call and say precisely --

SECRETARY KISSINGER: And tell him what Schlesinger

[REDACTED] with the President.

MR. SISCO: Yes. I'll call [REDACTED] Roy,
 [REDACTED] [REDACTED] us to come out
 [REDACTED] -- [REDACTED] meant that we would
 [REDACTED] in [REDACTED] -- which I knew was [REDACTED] to
 the [REDACTED] that had [REDACTED] been made. So we killed it.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: But why doesn't one
 get [REDACTED] in this or me or me = who know
 the facts?

MR. ATHERTON: Well, we we [REDACTED] it yesterday.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Yes, e e [REDACTED] they'll
 start leaking it now.

MR. SISCO: They've written the press story
 already.

MR. ATHERTON: It could lead to questions.

MR. FUNSETH: They already leaked it to the
 press this morning.

MR. SISCO: I know.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Go ahead. Jules?

MR. KATZ: The Second Session of the [REDACTED] Commission
 ends today. Also, there's a copper consultation in Geneva
 that's been going on all week, and that ends today as well.
 [REDACTED]

On the CIA Commission, after a slow start they've

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had some very good discussions this week in detail.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: On what subjects?

MR. KATZ: Well, in the energy area they've been talking about the effects of oil prices, for example, the economic effects of oil prices. The producers have raised questions about how to protect the value of their earnings, but these discussions are characterized by a minimum of rhetoric. And contrary to the first session, there's full participation by all of the members of the Commission. All of the LDCs are now making interventions.

Similarly, in the Raw Materials Commission, after a very slow start and they're not being quite sure how to proceed, we've gotten into detailed questions now.

Where this all leads to is not clear. I think it's useful, in an educational sense, that people are not making speeches; they're talking about the real analytical issues that are involved.

If you go into the next meeting with UNCTAD, then of course I think it becomes much more highly political.

Similarly, in the copper discussions, this is the first consumer-producer meeting we've had on the

SECRETARY

36

The report we have is that they have really been quite serious. We have said, "Let's start discussing the problem before we talk about measures," and they've accepted that.

The only problem in our talks has been the UNCTAD Secretariat which will be getting worse in 77.77. We said, "We don't need the facts; we know what the facts are."

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Who runs the UNCTAD Secretariat?

[REDACTED]
MR. KATZ: A man by the name of Correa; and I think he's been doing some consultations around the world on the future of UNCTAD; and he's recognized this problem that the Secretariat and the professional staff see themselves as an LDC Secretariat and they're not objective in any sense of the term.

I think this is one of the real institutional problems with UNCTAD. Some people will have to be -- [REDACTED]

MR. LEWIS: One of the things that Korea has proposed that may very well happen -- is that they're going to set up their own Secretariat separately. And in UNCTAD he wants to be a more balanced negotiator in Secretariat form.

MR. LEWIS: That may happen.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: What?

MR. MAW: We will have two '77 Secretariats.

MR. KATZ: Well, I don't think so. I think that might be a good point -- I don't know. The question is: Who will pay for that? The UN Secretariat has to pay for that in '77?

Mr. Secretary, the other point: I think that you know that the President's speech to the textile industry today probably will have the reference

--

SECRETARY KISSINGER: I was told it would be taken out.

MR. LORD: It's a memo to the President saying you oppose any reference to it, but Baker and Morton and Dent and Baker and Morton and Dent are more for a compromise language.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: There is no compromise language possible. Once the President mentions the PRC - not matter how softly he's got himself a major problem.

MR. LORD: I could agree more. I think you better tell the President.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Well, I called Seowcon

and he told me it would be taken out.

MR. LORD: The other positions are also on the table.

MR. HABIB: This is as of yesterday evening -- they were still having it in.

MR. KATZ: Well, as of about a quarter to seven last night, I was told that it went in to the President with the statement that Morton and Dent and Baker wanted it in and you were opposed. And I assume Scowcroft was opposed.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Who's Baker? What's his standing in there?

MR. KATZ: No. 2 in Commerce.

MR. HABIB: No matter how they adjust the wording, it's still the tack.

MR. LORD: And, as I understand, the only country (mentioning) the speech --

MR. KATZ: It's the only country where there is a problem.

MR. LORD: Yes, but you can talk in general terms about the problem.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: You cannot mention the PRC

[REDACTED]

without having a major crisis with the PRC. And it will not be done without an absolute uprooting of this building, and nobody is going to cooperate with that sort of approach.

MR. HABIB: I think Morton is going to take the call from you.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: Has he been inviting it?

MR. HABIB: Yes.

SECRETARY KISSINGER: I'll put in a call right now. In fact, I have to tell the President.

Larry, can I see you for a minute?

MR. EAGLEBURGER: Yes, sir.

(Whereupon, at 8:56 a.m., the Secretary's Staff Meeting was concluded.)

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