Background Paper for the Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff
SUBJECT: British Options in the Falkland Islands Dispute (U)

1. (U) PURPOSE: To proyide the Chaiman, joint Chiefs of Staff with information for his use.

## 2. (U) POIMTS OF MAJOR INTEREST:

a. (SKNOFORN) The UK will continue to seek a diplomatic solution during the lengthy transit of the Royal Navy. Task Force. This effort will likely continue for a while after the task force is in the area, with the latter standing off in a show of force. If some amenable compromise cannot. be achieyed within a reasonable time, however, London appears intent on military action. Its precise measures will be limited by the fact that, although the Royal Navy enjoys a surface force superiority, it will be severely constrained by inadequate air cover and stretched supply lines. It is 4,000 miles to the small uS facility on Ascension Island, where the UR does not maintain a garrison or prestocked supplies. The Royal: Air Force will probably stage some items there for resupply as the task force passes $5 y$, however the distance precludes continuous effective resupply during operations. The Eritish are looking at the possibility of obtaining base rights closer to the Falklands, however, there is little likelihood of this. Brazil and Uruguay have already stated they would not•grant such a request. Chile has remained silent. Although alarmed that a successful Argentina may next turn to the disputed Chilean territory in the Beagle Channel, Santiago is unlikely to provide logistical support to the Royal Navy. However, should the British inflict substantial damage to the Argentine fleet, Chile may become more receptive to a British request.
b. (S/NOFORN) Given a decision to take military action, the most likely British response is a blockade of the Falklands. The task force's inadequate intercept capability will be a major drawback in preventing Argentine resupply by air. In addition, logistic constraints will again be an inhibiting factor

- in such a war of attrition. British actions against the Falklands will likely be coupled by an attempt to retake South Georgia. This island's distance from the mainland poses great logistics problems for Argentina and gives London an opportunity to achieve a psychological victory.

6. (3/MOFORN) A third, although unlikely, option is to engage the. Argentine Nayy to gain control of the seas off the Argentine coast. However, land-based aircraft from Southern Argentina will give Buenos Aires air superiority which may suffice to offset the Royal Navy's surface force adyantage. Only two submarines, including one nuclear-powered, are known to be in the task force. Should additional subs be dispatched to augment the force, this option would become viable.
d. folMOFORN) A final option is an amphibious landing, either opposed near Port Stanley or unopposed elsewhere along the coast. The Royal Marine force numbers approximately 2,500 combat troops. At least some of these are mountain and arctic qualified. However, the approach of winter weather will create additional hazards for this option if it is not exercised quickly.


Background Paper for the Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff
SUBJECT: Current Assessment of Forces in the Falkland Islands Dispute (U)

1. (U) PURPOSE: To provide the Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff with information for his use.
2. (U) POINTS OF MAJOR INTEREST:
a. (g/NOFORN) Argentine military capabilities:
-- The major liability of the Argentine forces is low sustainability due to the age and diversity of equipment as well as poor logistic practices.
-- Army
around 12 brigades.
-- Army capabilities include full range of combat arms and combat support units. .
-- Normal deployment of Army orients on perceived Chilean and Brazilian threats.
-- Mobile air defenses are primarily operated by the Army and include $20-\pi m$ through $40-\mathrm{mm}$ air defense guns, mobile surface-to-air missiles, and Oerlikon Skyguard acquisition and fire control systems.
‥ Nayy
-- Operational ship strength of 3 submarines, 1 aircraft carrier, and 10.principal surface combatants.
-- Personnel strength of some 36,000 includes nearly 50 percent conscripts who have just begun their training cycle.
-- Naval capability will trail off rapidly when forces are confronted due to low sustainability.
-- Naval air defense is provided primarily by A-4 aircraft although several combatants include ADA guns and Seacat and sea Dart SAMs.

- Air Force
-- Strategic air limited to 10 Canberra B-5 bombers (B-57).
-- Air defense is a strength of the Air Force with 17 Mirage III's and 33-35 Mirage V's. Combat radii of these aircraft are believed to be in excess of 650 nautical miles.
-- Tactical assets are 56 A-4 Skyhawks and more than 60 indigenously produced IA-58 Pararas. Some A-4s include the Israeli "Shafrir" air-to-air missile.
for A-4 aircraft.
b. CSNOFORNI Argentine military options:
- Defend Argentine territory, to include the Falkland Island group.
-. Attack the British task force before it moves into position off the coast of Argentina.
- Withdraw from the Falkland Isiands when the British Fleet arrives.
-- The Argentines are more likely to adopt the defend-in-place option. They will use submarines to detect and tract the British fleet, respond to moves by the fleet, But ultimately defend from attack all territories with its filly mobilized armed forces.
C. (5/NOFORN) Britisn capabilities: .
- Ascension Isfand
$\therefore \quad$ No POL prestocked:
- One asphalt ranway ( $10,000^{\circ} \times 150^{\prime}$ ) in good condition.
- Some communications capability.
-     - May send Royel Marine Commando company.
-- Royal Marines Thira Commando Brigade in British Task Force.
- M Manower approximately $2500-3000$ in three commandoes-- the 40th, 42d and 45th.
- Training basically infantry, with emphasis on special operations.
- 4 2d and 45 th Commandoes are. Botf mountain and arctic warfare trained.
- Armament is standard NATO small arms plus thr ee heayier weapons. (each commando):

19. 81-mm mortars

60 51-1m mortars
100 84/120 -inm àntitank weapons
63 Milan antitank missiles
18 105-nm nowitzers
SELCAE

- Each commando is a lightly equipped infantry unit, with a minimum of administrative detail, trained for cliff and assault landings and raids, or landings on difficult beaches.
- Almost no capability for sustained combat operations since their normal deployment anticipates British Army control, heavy weapons, and adminstrative/logistic support. A reinforced commando is cabable of limited operations for 30 days, relying solely on shipborne supply. A major logistics problem lies in second-line support for commandoes when in the field.


## -- Ships capabilities:

- Royal Navy Task Force is forming and will include the following ships, some of which deployed on 5 April.
- Antisubmarine wariare carrier Invincible with 5 Sea Harrier V/STOL aircraft, 9 Sea King helicopters and twin Sea Dart SAM.
$\therefore$ Helicopter carrier Hermes normally embarks 1 commando ( 800 men) and can embark an additional commando in an emergency (about 1600 total); it can also carry 3213 tons fuel oil, 815 tons diesel fuel, 51 tons AVGAS, 4 LCVP, 16 Wessex assault fielicopters and 4 Gazelle assault helicopters; one leg is 5,950. nm steaming at 20 knots.
-- LPD assault sfip Feapless normally can carry 319 marines, an additional 700 in an emergency by putting 300 on the tank deck; can also carry 2300 tons of cargo, 4 LCA ( 7 Chiteftain or 2 Centurion tanks in each); one leg is $7,500 \mathrm{~nm}$ steaming at 17 knots.
- Sir Lancelot class logistics landing ships. (LSLO each can carry 340 troops, 1000 tons palletized cargo, 120 tons POL, 1200 tons fresh water, proyisions for 28 days for crew and troops and 17 tanks and trucks; one leg is $9,800 \mathrm{~mm}$ steaming 17 knots,
-- 5 guided missile destroyers?
Seasiug and 2 County class with $24,5^{\circ}$ gurs, 4 Exocet SSM, 1 tiwin Seaslug and 2 quad Seacat SAMS.

3 Sheffield elass [type 42 with $]$ 4, 5". gan and 1 .twin Sea Dart w/SS capability:

## - 13 Frigates

-a 3 Type 22 with 4 Exocet SSM and 2 6-tube Sea Wolf SAM.

- 4 Rothesay class with $24.5^{\prime \prime}$ guns and 1 quađ Seacat SAM.
-- 2 Type 21 with 1 4.5" gan, 4 Exocet SSM and 1 quad Seacat SAR.
- 4 Leander class with SAM; I quad Seacat, and 1 Limbo
anti-ship weapon.

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[^0]:    -- 1 Fort Class AOE Fort Austin capable of carrying 3500 tons of armaments/victoals.
    -- I Hudson Class AO Applelieaf.

