

MEMORANDUM FOR:	Deputy Director for Operations
FROM :	Chief, Division D
SUBJECT :	Potentially Embarrassing Activities Conducted by Division D
REFERENCE .	Your staff meeting 7 May 1973

1. There is one instance of an activity by Division D, with which you are already familiar, which the Agency General Counsel has <u>ruled to be barred to</u> this Agency by statute: the collection of international commercial radio telephone conversations between several Latin American cities and New York, aimed at the interception of drug-related communications. The background on this is briefly as follows:

Therefore on Z9 September 1972 NSA asked if Division D would take over the coverage, and on 12 October 1972 we agreed to do so. On 14 October a team of intercept operators from the began the coverage experimentally. On 15 Sanuary 1975, NSA wrote to say that the test results were good, and that it was hoped this coverage could continue.

Because a question had arisen within Division D as to the legality of this activity, a query was addressed to the General Counsel on this score (Attachment A hereto). With the receipt of his reply (Attachment B), the intercept activity was immediately terminated. There has been a subsequent series of exchanges between Division D and the General Counsel as to the legality of radio intercepts made outside the U.S., but with one terminal being in the U.S., and the General Counsel





has ruled that such intercept is also in violation of CIA's statutory responsibilities.

2. We are carrying out at present one intercept activity which falls within this technical limitation--i.e., of having one terminal in the U.S.

Since the fink being monitored carries a large number of totally unrelated conversations, the operators do intercept other traffic, frequently involving U.S. citizens--for example, BNDD staffers talking to their agents. I have described this situation to the General Counsel, and his informal judgment was that, as long as the primary purpose of the coverage is a foreign target, this is acceptable. He suggests, however, that it might be desirable to inform the Attorney General of the occasional incidental intercept of the conversations of U.S. citizens, and thus legalize this activity. We will pursue this with Mr. Houston.

An incident which was entirely innocent but is cer-4. tainly subject to misinterpretation has to do with an equiptechnicians in Miami in August ment test run by CIA 1971. At that time we were working jointly to develop shortrange agent DF equipment for use against a Soviet agent in South Vietnam. and a field test was agreed upon. The Miami area was chosen, and a team consisting of Division D, Commo, personnel went to Miami during the second week of August. Contact was made with a Detective Sergeant of the Miami Beach Police Department, and tests were made from four different hotels, one a block away from the Miami Beach Auditorium and Convention Hall, A desk clerk in this hotel volunteered the comment that the team was part of the official security checking process of all hotels prior to the convention. (The Secret Service had already been checking for possible sniper sites.) As the team's report notes. "The cover for the use of the hotel is a natural."



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